



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### C-Gas R-134a

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.  
According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II, as amended.  
Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

##### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name	C-Gas R-134a
Chemical name	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
CAS number	811-97-2
EC number	212-377-0

##### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Heat transfer agents.
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.

##### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier	Cantaş Chemical Industry And Commerce Inc. Çerkeşli Mahallesi, Gebze V (Kimya) İhtisas OSB, Fatma Börü Caddesi No:5/1 41455 Dilovası/ Kocaeli T el: 0212 910 1260 / (Monday - Friday, 8:30-17:30) E-posta: info@cantaskimya.com
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##### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone	Cantaş: +90 212 910 12 60
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#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

##### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards	Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280
Health hazards	Not Classified
Environmental hazards	Not Classified

Additional information Classification (Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008).

##### 2.2. Label elements

EC number	212-377-0
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Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Warning
Hazard statements	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements	P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.



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### 2.3. Other hazards

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.  
 Misuse or intentional inhalation abuse may cause death without warning symptoms, due to cardiac effects  
 Rapid evaporation of the product may cause frostbite.  
 May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Product name	C-Gas R-134a
Chemical name	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane
CAS number	811-97-2
EC number	212-377-0
Amount w/w	> 99.50%

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Description	Not applicable.
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### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	Overexposure may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication. Vapours may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and nausea.
Ingestion	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.



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<b>Skin contact</b>	Frostbite.
<b>Eye contact</b>	No specific symptoms known. May be slightly irritating to eyes.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

<b>Notes for the doctor</b>	Treat symptomatically.
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## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

<b>Specific hazards</b>	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
<b>Hazardous combustion products</b>	Hydrogen fluoride (HF). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ). Carbonyl compounds.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

<b>Protective actions during firefighting</b>	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
<b>Special protective equipment for firefighters</b>	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Personal precautions</b>	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Ensure that the oxygen content is $\geq 19.5\%$ .
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### 6.2. Environmental precautions

<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Exposure to aquatic environment unlikely. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
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### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
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### 6.4. Reference to other sections

<b>Reference to other sections</b>	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
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### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

##### Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.

##### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

##### Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep horizontal design tube/drum/tanks horizontal, vertical design tube/drum/tank upright. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Protect containers from damage. Protect from sunlight. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent. Do not drag, slide or roll cylinders. Keep at temperature not exceeding 52°C.

##### Storage class

Compressed gas storage.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

##### Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

##### Occupational exposure limits

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 4240 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

##### DNEL

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 2476 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 13936 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

##### PNEC

- Fresh water; 0,1 mg/l  
- marine water; 0,01 mg/l  
- Intermittent release; 1 mg/l  
- Sediment (Freshwater); 0,75 mg/kg/day

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

##### Protective equipment





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<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.
<b>Hand protection</b>	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. To protect hands against cold burns, gloves must comply with the EN 511 standard. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. It is recommended that gloves are made of the following material: Leather.
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Liquefied gas
<b>Colour</b>	Colourless.
<b>Odour</b>	Odourless.
<b>Odour threshold</b>	No information available.
<b>pH</b>	No information available.
<b>Melting point</b>	-108°C/-162°F



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<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	-26°C/-15°F @ 1.013 hPa
<b>Flash point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	No information available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	No information available.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	5.74 hPa @ 20°C/68°F
<b>Relative density</b>	4,24 @ 20°C
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	1.0 g/l water @ 25°C
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	log Pow: 1,06 @25°C
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	No information available.
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	No information available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	No information available.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not considered to be explosive.
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	No information available.
<b>9.2. Other information</b>	
<b>Other information</b>	No information required.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** See the other subsections of this section for further details.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

**Stability** Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** The following materials may react with the product: Strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Heat, sparks, flames. Avoid exposure to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10).

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

**Materials to avoid** Alkali metals. Alkaline earth metals. Powdered metal. Salts of metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**Hazardous decomposition products** Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Carbon monoxide (CO). Hydrogen fluoride (HF). Oxides of carbon. Fluorocarbons. Carbonyl fluoride



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### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

<b>Acute toxicity - oral</b>	
<b>Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Acute toxicity - dermal</b>	
<b>Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Acute toxicity - inhalation</b>	
<b>Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	
<b>Reproductive toxicity - fertility</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive toxicity - development</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not relevant. Gas.
<b>General information</b>	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.



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<b>Inhalation</b>	Shortness of breath. Lung oedema.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Frostbite.
<b>Eye contact</b>	No specific symptoms known.
<b>Route of exposure</b>	Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact
<b>Target organs</b>	No specific target organs known.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**Information on other hazards** No information available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 450 mg/l, Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 980 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**Acute toxicity - aquatic plants** EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: >118 mg/l, Freshwater algae

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** %3, 28 day

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

**Partition coefficient** log Pow: 1,06 @25°C

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** No information available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Results of PBT and vPvB assessment** This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

**Endocrine disrupting properties** No information available.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** None known.





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### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

##### General information

The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

##### Disposal methods

Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

UN No. (ADR/RID)	3159
UN No. (IMDG)	3159
UN No. (ICAO)	3159
UN No. (ADN)	3159

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R134a)
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R134a)
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R134a)
Proper shipping name (ADN)	1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE (REFRIGERANT GAS R134a)

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class	2.2
ADR/RID classification code	2A
ADR/RID label	2.2
IMDG class	2.2
ICAO class/division	2.2
ADN class	2.2

#### Transport labels





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### 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS	F-C, S-V
ADR transport category	3
Emergency Action Code	2TE
Hazard Identification Number (ADR/RID)	20
Tunnel restriction code	(C/E)
Limited quantities (ADR)	120 ml

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

<b>National regulations</b>	Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended). The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"]. EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.
<b>EU legislation</b>	Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020. Commission Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
<b>Restrictions (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XVII)</b>	No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.
<b>Seveso Directive - Control of major accident hazards</b>	Not relevant.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.



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### SECTION 16: Other information

<b>Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet</b>	<p>ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.          ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways.          RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.          IATA: International Air Transport Association.          ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.          IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.          CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service.          ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.          LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.          LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).          EC<sub>50</sub>: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration.          PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance.          vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.</p>
<b>Classification abbreviations and acronyms</b>	<p>Press. Gas (Liq.) = Gas under pressure: Liquefied gas</p>
<b>Key literature references and sources for data</b>	<p>This SDS is prepared based on the information received from the product owner.          Source: European Chemicals Agency, <a href="http://echa.europa.eu/">http://echa.europa.eu/</a></p>
<b>Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720</b>	<p>Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280: : Expert judgement., On basis of test data.</p>
<b>Issued by</b>	<p>Büşra Tarakci / CRAD          gbf@crad.com.tr Tel.:+90 216 3354600</p>
<b>Note to organizer</b>	<p>The certificate information is used exclusively for this SDS. No changes can be made to this SDS without the knowledge and approval of the certificate holder or the certificate information can not be used for another SDS. Otherwise, the certificate will assume no responsibility for the owner SDS.          This SDS is prepared based on the information and documents received from product owner. CRAD or/and SDS author shall not be responsible for incorrect prepared of SDS and pecuniary loss or intangible damages because of deficient or wrong information and documents which comes from product owner.</p>
<b>Revision date</b>	16/01/2023
<b>Revision</b>	1.2
<b>Supersedes date</b>	30/04/2020
<b>SDS number</b>	10141
<b>Hazard statements in full</b>	H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.